No. VII

(93-97)

95

LIST OF CORRECTIONS

TO

THE STANDING ORDERS OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE

(LAND REVENUE, SETTLEMENT AND MISCELLANEOUS).

1900 EDITION.

For the 3rd quarter of 1906.

[PRICE, 2 *annas*.] [3 *pence*.]

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Page 35—S.O. No. 18 :

Substitute the following *for* paragraphs 1 to 4 of S.O. No. 18, and *renumber* the succeeding paragraphs.

Scattered trees and topes.

Note.—(*i*) This Standing Order does not apply to reserved forests or reserved lands which are under the control of the Collector in his capacity of head of the Forest Department in his district. For rules regarding these see Forest Manual.

(*ii*) Paragraphs 1 and 2 (*b*) do not apply to the districts of Tanjore, Tinnevelly, Malabar and South Canara.

1. *Trees on occupied lands*—Subject to the exception noted below, no claim should ordinarily be made on behalf of the Government to any rights over trees growing on land held on ryotwári patta, or as inam, or as village or town house-site. Separate pattas should not be issued for the trees, and where such pattas now exist the tree-patta should be cancelled, and the tree-pattadar left to make his own arrangements with the land-pattadar, if the two are different persons.

Exception.—When conditions have been expressly inserted in the patta limiting the pattadar's rights over the trees (paragraph 2 (*b*) (*i*) below) or when land has been assigned on special patta, cowle or lease with such limiting conditions, those conditions should be strictly enforced.

Note.—Trees on or in dasabandham tanks.—Trees growing on dasabandham tank-bunds are the property of the inamdar. Dasabandham inamdars may also be allowed to enjoy the trees in the tank-beds if it is customary for them to do so.

2. *Trees on unoccupied lands.*—Collectors should exercise special care before assigning lands containing scattered trees or topes.

(*a*) *Valuable topes.*—Lands on which there are large groups of palmyras, date-palms, fruit-trees, or valuable timber trees, whether growing spontaneously or cultivated, should usually not be assigned, but should be retained in the hands of the Government for abkári or forest purposes. If any trees standing on such lands are given or sold for domestic purposes, the Collector should arrange to have others planted in their stead.

(*b*) *Scattered trees and topes other than those falling under* (*a*).—(i) If the assignment of the land on which the trees stand is unobjectionable, the land with the trees on it should ordinarily be disposed of under the darkhast rules (*vide* Board's Standing Order No. 15). In such cases the heirs of the original planters of the topes should be given preference over other applicants.

If the trees on the land applied for are already held on tree-patta, the holder of the tree-patta should be offered the first choice of taking the land on patta. If he elects to take the land on patta, a patta should be issued to him for the land, if not, to the other applicant. In either case, the separate tree-patta should be cancelled.

Before a patta for the land is issued or the applicant put in possession of the land, the value of the trees should ordinarily be recovered from him, and they will then become his property. If, however, in special cases the Collector thinks it unnecessary to insist on the payment of the

value of the trees, he may issue a patta embodying a condition that the pattadar is to have as regards trees then standing on the land a right to the usufruct only, without the right to fell, or to claim the tree should it fall.

(ii) If the assignment of the land is objectionable, the trees themselves may be given on patta. The form of tree-patta to be adopted is that given in Appendix V-A. The tree-patta conveys to the pattadar only the right to the usufruct of the trees, and is liable to be cancelled if the land is at any time given on patta. The ownership of the trees continues to vest in the Government; the pattadar has no right to the trees if they fall, and their value should be recovered from him if he fells or otherwise destroys them.

The Collector should arrange to gather and dispose of the produce of all trees on Government land which have not been assigned on patta.

G.O., No. 712, Rev., 25-7-06.
B.P., No. 241, 29-8-06.

Page 43—S.O. No. 20, paragraph 15:

Add the following as Notes (5) and (6) to paragraph 15:—

Note (5).—In [a] the Shevaroys [a], [b] the Nilgiris and the Wynaad taluk of the Malabar district [b] the assessment on land newly cultivated with agave will be remitted for five complete years.

[a] G.O., No. 1295, 21-11-04; B.P., No. 460, Sett, 29-11-04.

[b] G.O., No. 681, 26-7-05; B.P., No. 229, Sett., 3-8-05.

Note (6)—The concessions referred to in Notes 1 to 5 *supra* apply to all lands in the tracts in question on whatever tenure they may be held.

G.O., No. 867, 5-9-06.

B.P., No. 338, Sett., 15-9-06.

[1900 Edn.] [3rd quarter 1906—October 1906.]

Page 48—S.O. No. 21, paragraph 5:

(1) In the third line, *for* the words "may transfer the excess to the head of assessed," *substitute* "will obtain the sanction of the Collector to transfer the excess to the head of assessed".

(2) In the fourth line, between "and" and "make", *insert* the words "may then".

G.O., No. 151, 17-2-05.

B.P, No 221, 14-8-06.

[1900 Edn.] [3rd quarter 1906—October 1906.]

Page 93—Appendix I-E to S.O. No. 4:

At the foot of the appendix, *for* "B.P., No. 6, Sett., dated 6th January 1906," *substitute* "G.O., No. 639, Revenue, dated 10th July 1906."

B.P., No. 209, Sett., 6-8-06.

[1900 Edn.] [3rd quarter 1906—October 1906.]

Pages 144 and 145—Appendix XXXII to S.O., No. 25, Schedule B (as amended by Slip No. 26 of 1901):

(*a*) After " copper, tin, lead or other metals," *insert* the following :—

[a] Arsenic ... ... Fluorspar ... ... Barytes ... ... Graphite ... ... Manganese ... ... Bauxite ... ... Felspar ... ... Corundum (if the value does not exceed Rs. 750 a ton)	$2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. on the sale value at the pit's mouth.

(*b*) After " Precious stones " *insert* the following :—

[a] *Note.*—Corundum, the value of which exceeds Rs. 750 a ton, should be treated as a " precious stone ".

[a] G.O., No. 224, Revenue, 10-3-06.

B.P., No. 80, 26-3-06.

[1900 Edn.] [3rd quarter 1906—October 1906.]

Page 173—S.O. No. 41, paragraph 13:

For the words " but in either case action must be taken . . . . order " *substitute* " the law imposes no limitation as to the period within which such powers may be exercised, but when the Collector proposes to exercise them after the expiration of three months from the date of the Divisional-officer's order, he shall submit the matter for the orders of the Board before taking action ".

B.P., No. 254, 13-9-06.

[1900 Edn.] [3rd quarter 1906—October 1906.]

Page 180—Appendix I to S.O. No. 35, paragraph 2:

(i) *For* "Kistna (*c*)" and the entries appearing against it, *substitute* the following :—

—	December.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	Total.
	A. P.	A. P.	A. P.	A. P.				A. P.
s Kistna— Masulipatam portion (*c*) Dry	4 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	...	...	...	16 0
Wet	...	4 0	6 0	6 0	...	...	...	16 0
Guntúr portion ...	...	4 0	6 0	6 0	...	...	...	16 0

(ii) *To* the list of authorities quoted at the foot of the appendix *add* the following :—

s G.O., No. 1414, 27-12-04; B.P., No. 4, Sett., 6-1-05.

(iii) *For* the entry "Nandyal, Nandikotkur, Ramallakot and Sirvel", appearing under Kurnool, *substitute* the following :—

"Nandyal, Nandikotkur, Ramallakot, Sirvel and Pattikonda."

(iv) *Add* the following to the authority quoted in footnote (*r*) to the appendix :—

G.O., No. 710, 25-7-06; B.P., No. 290, Sett., 1-8-06.

B.P., Mis. No. 5021, Sett., 17-8-06.

(v) *For* "other taluks (*f*)" under Kurnool and the entries appearing against it in the appendix, *substitute* the following :—

—	December.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	Total.
	A. P.	A. P.	A. P.	A. P.				A. P.
t Koilkuntla	...	4 0	8 0	4 0	...	...	...	16 0
Other taluks (*f*) ...	4 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	...	...	...	16 0

(vi) To the list of authorities quoted at the foot of the appendix *add* the following :—

t G.O., No. 882, 11-9-06.

B.P., No. 343, Sett., 15-9-06.

[1900 Edn.] [3rd quarter 1906—October 1906.]

Page 249—S.O. No. 66, paragraph 7 (ii).

Add the following to the paragraph :—

"[b] Rules for the record and use of finger-prints will be found in Appendix A."

B.P., No. 154, 19th July 1905.

B P., No. 271, 28th September 1906.

[1900 Edn.] [3rd quarter 1906—October 1906.]

Page 257—

Insert the following as Appendix A :—

[Order 66, paragraph 7 (ii).]

Rules for the record of the Finger-prints of Government Servants and Pensioners and for the utilization thereof.

Part I.—The manner of recording finger-prints.

1. A permanent record will, in future, be maintained of the thumb and finger-prints of the left hand of (i) every newly entertained non-gazetted officer who is required to maintain a service register and (ii) every pensioner who, prior to retirement, was required to maintain such a register.

2. In the case of every individual newly entertained in Government service, the necessary impressions will be recorded in the service register on the first page of the service book in the case of registers of quarto size and in the column showing personal marks of identification in the case of registers of foolscap size. They should be taken in the presence and under the personal superintendence of the head of the office or other officer whose duty it is to attest the entries in the service register.

In the case of pensioners, the impressions will be recorded (*a*) on the first page of the pension application on the right-hand margin or at the foot of the page, and (*b*) at the foot of the first page of the Collector's half of a blank form of the permanent pay order ; care should be taken to assign and distinguish a separate space for the thumb and each finger. The officer by whom the pension application is prepared will be responsible for the record of the finger-prints, which will be forwarded with the application to the authority having power to grant the pension. Each application for pension should be accompanied by a copy of the first page of the pension application with a set of the finger impressions thereon. This copy will be forwarded to the Accountant-General for record in his office with the order of Government sanctioning pension.

Note.—(i) In the case of an applicant for gratuity, the impressions need not be recorded either on the first page of the gratuity application or at the foot of the Collector's half of a blank form of the permanent pay order.

(ii) Finger-tip impressions should no tbe taken on separate slips of paper and pasted to the pension application. Those on the first page of the *pension* application should be on the right-hand margin or at the foot of the page.

(iii) On the first appearance of a pensioner on or after the 1st April of each year, the disbursing officer will take impressions of the thumb and all the fingers of the pensioner's left hand on his pension bill, and besides identifying the pensioner from the other particulars given in the disbursing officer's half of the pension payment order, he will identify him from a comparison of the impressions given on the bill with those on the pension payment order. In case of difference in the two sets of impressions the disbursing officer will refer the matter to the officer before whom the impressions on the pension payment order were made.

(iv) If in any case attendance before the head of the office be a matter of difficulty or occasion undue expense to the applicant for pension, he may, with the consent of the head of the office, give the impressions before a Magistrate who should satisfy himself as to the identity of the applicant and record a certificate stating that he has done so and that the impressions have been taken in his presence.

2-A. When an applicant for appointment, leave, or pension is sent for medical examination, the medical officer before whom he appears will obtain the left thumb impression of the candidate on the medical certificate. This impression shall afterwards be verified by the head of the office concerned with the impression in the applicant's service book. In the case of applicants for appointment no service book will be in existence, but if the

candidate is successful a service book for him shall at once be opened and the thumb impression taken thereon shall be compared with that on the medical certificate.

3. The apparatus required for taking impressions consists of the following articles :—

A sheet of tin or copper 10½ inches by 7, or of such other size as experience may show to be most convenient, screwed down by its corners to a board one inch thick ; an ordinary printer's roller and a tin of printer's ink. Both roller and slab must be thoroughly cleansed with kerosine-oil on each occasion after use, dried with a rag and put out of the way of dust.

4. The manner in which impressions should be taken is explained below :—

(i) Squeeze a drop of ink on the plate and work it with the roller till it forms an even layer over the surface. The ink must be so thin as to allow the color of the plate to show through it.

(ii) Then take the little finger of the left hand, roll the bulb slightly on the inked slab and roll it again on the paper in the space marked for that finger ; do the same with each of the other fingers and thumb in succession so that the imprints of them may be taken in their allotted places on the paper.

Note.—A drop or two of kerosine-oil added to the ink makes it more fluid. The inked finger should only be rolled *once* on the card from one side to the other and then removed cleanly without smudging the pattern. To afford clear scope for identification, the whole of the finger (or thumb) between the tip and first joint must be impressed.

5. To the finger-prints, as thus recorded, should be appended a certificate in the following terms :—

" Certified that the above finger-prints have been taken in my presence and under my personal superintendence, from the left hand of the individual *whose services are entered in this book or* ' whose pension forms the subject of the application ', or ' whose name is entered in his permanent pay order '."

Part II.—The utilization of recorded finger-prints.

6. The principal uses of the record of finger-prints directed in rule 1 *supra* are the following :—

(i) It furnishes an absolutely reliable means of establishing the identity of a Government servant transferred to a distant place where he is not known, or sent for medical examination to an officer who is not acquainted with his appearance.

(ii) It places in the hands of officers entrusted with the payment of pensions or the mustering of pensioners an infallible means of detecting attempts at false personation, and resort should be had to this test in all cases where any doubt arises as to the identity of the individual claiming payment of pension.

(iii) It will ultimately render unnecessary the special arrangements now made for the examination of gosha pensioners ; a life certificate coupled with a fresh set of impressions will furnish sufficient evidence of identity in such cases.

7. For the information of officers, who may have occasion to examine finger-prints with a view to verifying the identity of the individual from whose hands they have been taken, it is necessary to premise that the impressions recorded form clear and distinct patterns which are constant and ineradicable. Each individual's hand presents a separate set of impressions which a slight scrutiny suffices to distinguish from the finger-prints taken from any other hand. Nor do the impressions taken from

the same hand at different periods of life change with lapse of time, except as has been remarked, for alterations "such as would be found in lace, which, after being washed and stretched, will show the same pattern and number of meshes, although they may be somewhat distorted in shape." There are three main types of pattern, namely, "arches," "loops" and "whorls," specimens of which are shown in Plate I.

The pattern is an "arch" when the ridges in the centre run from one side to the other of the bulb without making any backward turn or twist; a "loop" when there is a single backward turn but no twist; and a "whorl" when there is a turn through at least one circle. Loops on the forefinger may further be distinguished as either *inner* loops when they open towards the thumb side, or *outer* loops towards the little finger (Plates I and II).

In the Police department, it is customary for the purposes of classifying the finger-prints recorded in numerous cases to assign a separate descriptive formula to each pair of hands, and the manner in which this is done is explained at length in rules 11 to 13 of the revised edition of the departmental manual entitled "Anthropometry as applied to the identification of criminals." For the purposes of the present rules it will, however, ordinarily suffice to examine each finger-print either by the naked eye or with the aid of a magnifying glass in order to ascertain if in each case the distinctive pattern corresponds with that noticeable in the impression previously recorded. Thus, supposing Plate II (left hand) to represent the permanent record, it would be necessary to examine the new set of impressions in order to make certain that the pattern of the fourth or little finger was a loop, that of the third finger a whorl, and so on. A variation in any one case would be sufficient to leave no doubt that false personation was being attempted. Should the general patterns correspond, a closer examination may, if thought necessary, be made (either with or without a magnifying glass) in order to ascertain whether each line in a particular impression coincides in appearance with the corresponding line in the finger-print forming the permanent record.

8. To further illustrate these rules, Plates III to V have been prepared in the office of the Inspector-General of Police. Plate III exhibits impressions of the thumb and fingers of the right hand taken with an interval of 5½ years. Plate IV represents the corresponding impressions of the first and second fingers enlarged. Plate V is a skeleton chart of Plate IV and shows the axes of the ridges with the points of reference numbered.

B.P., No. 271, 28-9-06.

[1900 Edn.] [3rd quarter 1906—October 1906.]

Page 277—S.O. No. 87, section V, as last amended by correction slip No. 31 of 1903 :

For " 1,000 ", *substitute* " 2,500 ".

B.P., No. 346, Sett., 16-9-06.

[1900 Edn.] [3rd quarter 1906—October 1906.]

Page 304—S.O. No. 90, paragraph 30 (ii) :

For " paragraph 2, clause (vi)," occurring in line 4 *read* " paragraph 2, clause (vii)".

B.P., No. 250, 12-9-06.

[1900 Edn.] [3rd quarter 1906—October 1906.]

Page 305—S.O. No. 90, paragraph 30, clause (v):

For the words " all assignments . . . . . neighbouring land-holders " occurring in the first sentence *read* " all assignments and sales ".

B.P., No. 216, 6-8-06.

[1900 Edn.] [3rd quarter 1906—October 1906.]

Page 345—S.O. No. 101, paragraph 2:

(*a*) *Insert* the following after the last sentence :—

" c In districts where there are Sanitary Assistants to District Medical and Sanitary officers, a copy of this return should be communicated to such officers also for information and return. c "

(*b*) *Insert* the following as an authority below the paragraph :—

" c Rule 6 of the rules printed as Appendix to G.O., No. 886 L., dated 19th August 1905. c "

B.P., No. 309, Sett., 17-8-06.

[1900 Edn.] [3rd quarter 1906—October 1906.]

Page 346—S.O. No. 102, clause (ii):

(*a*) *For* " and to the Sanitary Commissioner, Madras " *read* " to the Sanitary Commissioner, Madras, and c to the Sanitary Assistant to the District Medical and Sanitary officer, if such an officer has been appointed in the district c ".

(*b*) *Insert* the following as an authority below clause (ii) :—

" c Rule 7 of the rules printed as Appendix to G.O., No. 886 L., dated 19th August 1905. c "

B.P., No. 309, Sett., 17-8-06.

[1900 Edn.] [3rd quarter 1906—October 1906.]

Page 386—S.O., No. 127 (as revised by Board's Proceedings, No. 253, dated 13th October 1905) :

For paragraphs 1, 2 and 2-A, *substitute* the following :—

127. Qualifications for appointment—*General educational qualifications.*—The general educational qualifications required from candidates for entertainment in the public service are stated in the Public Service Notification published annually in the *Fort St. George Gazette.* Briefly, they are that no person will be eligible for appointment to a superior post carrying a pay of Rs 15 per mensem and upwards, unless he has passed the Madras Upper Secondary examination with English as his first language, or the Matriculation examination of the Madras University with the Handwriting Test or some other examination accepted by Government as equivalent thereto, and that persons not being natives of India, who have passed no public examination in India, must satisfy Government that they have attained a degree of education corresponding at least to the standard of the Upper Secondary or the Matriculation examination.

2. *Exceptions and concessions.*—The rules regarding the general educational tests will not be held applicable to the following among other appointments :—

(*a*) Appointments in the Agency tracts of Ganjám, Vizagapatam and Gódávari.

(*b*) Appointments of copyists and typewriters except in Collectors' offices.

Note.—In appointing copyists in Divisional and taluk offices, preference should be given to candidates who have qualified according to the general educational tests, and have passed the Government Technical examination in typewriting. Candidates for the post of typewriting clerk are required to have passed the Government Technical Examination in typewriting. Those who have passed the Elementary examination will be granted pay at Rs. 20—1—25 and those who have passed the Intermediate, Rs. 25—1—35.

(*c*) Shroffs, clerk-shroffs and assistant shroffs.

(*d*) Village offices.

(*e*) Appointments in the Forest department which are of a temporary character, and carry pay which is chargeable to "Conservancy and Works".

(*f*) Classifiers and head classifiers on the field establishments of Special Settlement officers (subject, however, to the sanction of the Settlement Commissioner).

(*g*) Extra and temporary hands in the Settlement department.

(*h*) Minor irrigation maistries (subject to preference being given to candidates who have passed certain examinations specified in the Public Service Notification).

(*i*) Lithographers, Field Surveyors and Deputy Surveyors, and temporary appointments in the Survey department.

2-A. *Power to exempt from examination rules.*—Government have delegated to the officers mentioned below the power of sanctioning

exemptions * from the general educational tests, to the extent specified in each case :—

(i) *To the Members of the Board of Revenue.*—The power of sanctioning the entertainment in acting and sub. *pro tem.* vacancies and in temporary posts in the departments administered by them of unpassed candidates, without limit of time or salary.

(ii) *To Collectors in Ganjám, Vizagapatam, the Ceded Districts and the Nilgiris.*—The power of sanctioning the entertainment of unpassed candidates, in acting and sub. *pro tem.* vacancies and in temporary posts in the Revenue and Mágisterial departments, when the vacancy does not exceed six months in duration, and when the acting allowance, inclusive of any local allowance, is not more than Rs. 15 per mensem.

(iii) *To the Divisional officers in Ganjám, Vizagapatam, the Ceded Districts and the Nilgiris.*—The power of sanctioning the entertainment of unpassed candidates, whether in their own office or in Taluk offices, or on the establishment of Sub-Magistrates' Courts, and whether in acting or sub. *pro tem.* vacancies or in temporary posts when the vacancy does not exceed three months in duration, and when the acting allowance, inclusive of any local allowance, is not more than Rs. 15 per mensem.

(iv) *To the Collector in all other districts.*—The power of sanctioning the entertainment of unpassed candidates in acting and sub. *pro tem.* vacancies and in temporary posts when the vacancy does not exceed three months in duration, and when the acting allowance, inclusive of any local allowance available, is not more than Rs. 15 per mensem.

(v) *To Divisional officers in all other districts.*—The power of sanctioning the entertainment of unpassed candidates in acting [b] and sub. *pro tem.* vacancies and in temporary posts [b] in taluk offices, or on the establishment of Sub-Magistrates' Courts, but not in their own offices, when the vacancy does not exceed three months in duration, and when the acting allowance, inclusive of any local allowance, is not more than Rs. 15 per mensem.

Note.—(1) The powers conferred by this order on Collectors and Divisional-officers are subject to the proviso that they can be exercised only after *bonâ fide* efforts have been made without success to obtain passed candidates. The Collector or Divisional-officer should append a certificate to this effect to every appointment of an unpassed candidate made or proposed by him. [a]

[a] G.O., No. 282, Edcl., 18-5-98. [a]

[b] G.O., No. 649, 11-7-06. [b]

(2) The expression "acting allowance" used in this order includes the pay, if any, of the acting incumbent, as well as the acting allowances properly so called.

G.Os., No. 184, Edcl., 31-3-96; No. 434, Edcl., 17-7-96.

(3) Applications for the Board's sanction should be in the form printed as appendix VIII.

B.P., No. 475, 19-8-93.

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* Applications for permanent exemptions should be forwarded by Collectors direct to Government in the Educational Department—*vide* Chapter XV, Standing Order No. 163, paragraph 11, clause (iii).

(4) Collectors should submit half-yearly to the *Board* a statement in the form given in appendix IX, showing the names, age, educational qualifications, etc., of the unpassed candidates employed in their districts under the authority of themselves or their Divisional-officers in acting and sub. *pro tem.* vacancies or in temporary posts.

G.O., No. 282, 18-5-98.

(5) These rules do not apply to exemptions from the Special Tests, as to which see Standing Order No. 129.

B.Ps., No. 191, 2-6-96 ; No. 232, 26-6-96.
G.Os., No. 287, Edcl., 8-5-96 ; Mis. No. 134, 3-2-06.

B.P., No. 214, 2-8-06.

[1900 Edn.] [3rd quarter 1906—October 1906.]

Page 401—S.O. No. 135, paragraph 1-A :

Insert the following Note under the paragraph :—

Note.—For the rules regarding the record and use of finger-prints—see Appendix A to paragraph 7 (ii) of Board's Standing Order No. 66.

B.P., No. 271, 28-9-06.

[1900 Edn.] [3rd quarter 1906—October 1906.]

Page 438—Appendix VIII to S.O. No. 127 :

In the heading of the appendix *for* "paragraph 2, note (2)", *read* "paragraph 2-A, note (3)"; and in the heading of column 3. after the word "acting", *insert* the word "temporary".

B.P., No. 214, 2-8-06.

[1900 Edn.] [3rd quarter 1906—October 1906.]

Page 439—Appendix IX to S.O. No. 127 :

In the heading of the appendix *or* "paragraph 2, note (4)": *read* "paragraph 2-A, note 4".

B.P., No. 214, 2-8-06.

[1900 Edn.] [3rd quarter 1906—October 1906.]

Page 531—S.O. No. 165, paragraph 9 (i) :

(*a*) *For* paragraph 9 (i), *substitute* the following :—

"9. *Special Registers*—(i) *For darkhasts, applications for patta transfers and relinquishments.*—Darkhasts and applications for transfer of pattas and relinquishments of land should be entered in the special registers provided for the purpose. The registers should be in the form shown in Appendix VIII. A single book should be used for each class of transactions, and the registers should be written up in one series for the whole taluk or division. At the beginning of each register, an alphabetical index should be opened for all the villages in the taluk or division, and the serial number of each darkhast, relinquishment or transfer application should be posted against the name of the village to which it relates as soon as it is entered in the register."

B.P., No. 270, 22-6-94; No. 173, 23-7-01.

(*b*) *Delete* notes (1) and (2) and *renumber* notes (3) and (4) as notes (1) and (2).

B.P., No. 173, 23-7-01; No. 128, 17-5-06.

B.P., No. 208, 27-7-06.

[1900 Edn.] [3rd quarter 1906—October 1906.]

Page 558—S.O. No. 173, paragraphs 11 and 12:

Paragraph 11.—After the word " establishment " occurring in line 4, *insert* the words " or by examiners specially appointed for the purpose ".

Paragraph 12.—(1) After the word " copyists " occuring in lines 1, 6, 11 and 14 and in line 1 of the note, *insert* the word " and examiners " ; and after the word " copyist " occurring in lines 14, 20 and 24, *insert* the words " and examiner ".

(2) *For* the second sentence, *substitue* the following :—

Copies may be examined by the ordinary establishment or by special examiners on fixed monthly pay. Copyists and special examiners, who should, if possible, possess the " examination qualifications " necessary for entertainment in " superior " Government service, should be appointed to each office in which the receipts are sufficient to cover their pay.

(3) *Add* the following after the fourth sentence :—

" Collectors should satisfy themselves as to the competence of examiners whose pay will be subject to a minimum of Rs. 12 per mensem".

G.O., No. 745, Rev., 2-8-06.
B.P., No. 245, 3-9-06.

[1900 Edn.] [3rd quarter 1906— October 1906.]

Page 559—S.O. No. 173, paragraphs 13 and 14:

Paragraph 13.—After the word " copyists " occurring in lines 1 and 5, *insert* the words " and examiners ".

Paragraph 14.—*Substitute* the following *for* this paragraph :—

Remuneration of copyists and examiners.—Except where fixed pay is sanctioned under the provisions of paragraph 12 above, the remuneration of copyists should be regulated as follows :—At the end of every month, the number of stamped papers used by each copyist, should be calculated from the register maintained in the office under paragraph 8 above, and the copyists should be paid from the Government treasury As. 1-4 for each copy stamped paper used. Where copying fees are paid in cash under clauses (ii) and (iv) of paragraph 9 above, the fees should be disbursed to the copyist at the rate of As. 1-6 for every 175 words, the remaining 6 pies being credited to Government under I. Land Revenue. The special fee leviable under clause (iii) of the same paragraph should be paid in full to the copyist or other person employed. The signature of the copyists should be taken in the register in acknowledgment of the receipt of the fees in cash. The register should be scrutinized weekly by the controlling officer.

Except in offices where there are examiners on fixed monthly pay, copies must be examined by the ordinary establishment without remuneration.

G.O., No. 745, Rev., 2-8-06.
B.P., No. 245, 3-9-06.

[1900 Edn.] [3rd quarter 1906—October 1906.]

Page 685—Appendix XIX-A to S.O. No. 173, paragraph 12:

After the word " copyists " in the heading of column 3 of the form, *add* the words " or examiners "; and after the figure "16" in the heading of column 5, *add* " or 4 ". *Enter* the following at the foot of the form :—

Note.—The entries relating to the copyists and examiners should be in separate sections.

G.O., No. 745, Rev., 2-8-03.

B.P., No. 245, 3-9-06.

[1900 Edn.] [3rd quarter 1906—October 1906.]

Page 703—S.O. No. 185, paragraph 6 (1):

For the words " ten bags of Rs. 1,000 " occurring in line 2, *substitute* the words " Rs. 4,000 to Rs. 6,000 ".

B.P., No. 272, 28-9-06.

[1900 Edn.] [3rd quarter 1906—October 1906.]

Page 708—Appendix I to S.O., No. 183, paragraph 3 (Correction slip No. 24 of 1904, page 10):

Mark question 139 with an asterisk; *after* the words ' classified sheet ' occurring in the question, *add* the words ' of the day selected '.

B.P., No. 207, 27-7-06.

[1900 Edn.] [3rd quarter 1906—October 1906.]

Page 708 Appendix I to S.O., No. 183, paragraph 3 (Correction slip 24/04, page 11):

Omit question 151.

B.P., No. 203, 21-7-06.

[1900 Edn.] [3rd quarter 1906—October 1906.]